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SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1768.

JUST PUBLISHED,

And to be SOLD by CHARLES CROUCH, *at his Printing Office in Elliott-ſtreet, the Corner of Gadſden's Alley,*

AN ALMANACK, agreeable to the NEW-STILE, and on an entire NEW-PLAN.—For the Year of CHRISTIAN Account 1768, being LEAP-YEAR.—Calculated for the Meridian of CHARLES-TOWN, SOUTH-CAROLINA, in Lat. 32 Deg. and 45 Min. North, and fitted to that Meridian Difference of Time from LONDON, which is 5 Hours and 15 Minutes Weſt, but may ſerve all the adjacent Parts, with little Error, from Maryland to Eaſt-Florida.

By WILLIAM BALL, *Philomath.*

Wherein is given, the Time of the Sun's Riſing and Setting; the Length of every Day; the Time of the Change and Full of the Moon; the Moon's Age every Day; the Part of the Body where the Sign is every Day; the Difference of Time between the Sun and a true going Clock or Watch, every five Days; the Time of the Moon's Riſing and Setting; the Time of the Seven Stars Riſing, Southing, and Setting, and the Time of ſome of the Planets Riſing, Southing, and Setting, and ſeveral other Stars; the Eclipſes of the Sun and Moon, the Aſpects, and Judgment of the Weather, and the remarkable Days throughout the Year, with ſeveral other Things both improving and diverting.

It alſo contains, A Liſt of the Publick Officers in South-Carolina, viz. the Governor and Commander in Chief, the Lieutenant-Governor, the Members of his Majeſty's Honorable Council, and Honorable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly, &c. the Juſtices appointed for the ſeveral Counties in the Province; the Days on which the Court of General Seſſions, and Court of Common Pleas are held; Return Days, &c. &c.—Likewiſe, A Receipt for curing the Lame Diſtemper, Yaws, &c.—The Negro CÆSAR's Cure for Poiſon, and the Bite of a Rattle-Snake; as alſo the Negro SAMPSON's Cure for the Bite of a Rattle-Snake.—Some Account of the Seneca Rattle-Snake Root, with Directions for curing the Pleuriſy with it, as publiſhed in the Virginia Gazette, by Doctor JOHN TENNENT.—A Receipt for the Cholick, adviſed by an eminent Phyſician in England, and another for curing the Cholick, vulgarly called the Dry Belly Ach, (both of which were publiſhed in this Gazette of Auguſt 11.)—The Act of Parliament for granting certain Duties in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in America upon Glaſs Ware, Red and White Lead, Painters Colours, Tea, and all Sorts of Paper, &c.—Diviſion of South-Carolina into Counties and Pariſhes.—Roads South-weſtward and North-eaſtward.—A Table of Simple Intereſt, at Eight per Cent. &c. &c.

☞ Store-keepers in the Country, and others, will be ſupplied on reaſonable Terms, by ſending their Orders in time to the Printer hereof.

Charles-Town, January 1, 1768.

THE Subſcriber, with all poſſible Deference and Reſpect, waits upon the Publick with the Compliments of the Seaſon, and hearty Thanks for the generous Encouragement he has experienced during ſix Years Teaching in this Place; and flatters himſelf that his Friends will obligingly extend the Favour of continuing to intruſt him with the Care of their Children, by occaſionally recommending his Endeavours to their Satisfaction: In Order that his moderate, ſtipulated Number of Scholars may be generally kept compleat, Specimens of Writing that have been, by good Judges, thought valuable for Youth not exceeding twelve Years of Age, are to be ſeen at Mr. Kincaid's, Mr. Boomer's, Mr. Wood, Stationer, Mr. Snelling's, Crouch's Printing-Office, and at the BRITISH ACADEMY on the Green, near the Weſt-End of Broad-ſtreet; and that no requiſite Satisfaction may be wanting to thoſe whom it nearly concerns, Parents or Guardians are invited to inſpect the Youths Cyphering-Books, (which cannot conveniently be ſpared out of the School-Room) any Thurſday or Saturday Morning, when they will alſo hear the Pupils read, be catechiſed, inſtructed in the Principles of the Chriſtian Religion, and ſhewed the Importance of Morality, good Manners and Oeconomy, as they truly are the likeſteſt Means under Heaven, to ſmooth and embelliſh the tranſitory Paths of Life.

OSBORNE STRATON,

Teacher of the Youth educated by the South-Carolina Society.—He alſo teaches abroad every Thurſday and Saturday in the Afternoon.

N. B. His Evening-School will alſo be opened after the Holydays, on Monday the 11th Inſtant.

DAVIES & WAYNE,

OF CHARLES-TOWN;

HAVING aſſigned over to me, in Behalf of their Creditors in England, their Books, Bonds, Notes, Accounts, and other Effects: I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THEREOF, and adviſe all Perſons whatſoever indebted to them, to ſettle with me, and pay their Debts, as I am determined to put every ſuch Debt in ſuit as faſt as I can make them out.

I alſo give the ſame Notice to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of ANDREW JOHNSTON, and THOMPSON and HUNTER, deceaſed, late Merchants of this Province.

ROBERT RAPER.

ALL perſons who have demands upon the eſtate of George Marſhall, deceaſed, are deſired to bring them in properly atteſted; and thoſe indebted to the ſame are requeſted to make payment.

WILLIAM GLEN,
ALEXANDER PETRIE, } Executors.
6 m. ROBERT BRISBANE, }

From the PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE, December 10, 1767.

LETTERS from a FARMER in PENNSYLVANIA, *to the Inhabitants of the* BRITISH COLONIES.

LETTER II.

Beloved Countrymen,

THERE is another late act of parliament, which appears to me to be unconſtitutional, and as deſtructive to the liberty of theſe colonies, as that mentioned in my laſt Letter; that is, the act for granting the duties on paper, glaſs, &c. The parliament unqueſtionably poſſeſſes a legal authority to *regulate* the trade of *Great-Britain* and all her colonies. Such an authority is eſſential to the relation between a mother-country and her colonies, and neceſſary for the common good of all. He who conſiders theſe provinces, as ſtates diſtinct from the *Britiſh* empire, has very ſlender notions of *juſtice*, or of *their intereſts*. We are parts of *a whole*, and therefore there muſt exiſt a power ſomewhere, to preſide, and preſerve the connection in due order. This power is lodged in the parliament; and we are as much dependant on *Great-Britain*, as a perfectly free people can be on another.

I have looked over *every ſtatute* relating to theſe colonies, from their firſt ſettlement to this time; and I find every one of them founded on this principle, till the *Stamp-Act* adminiſtration*. *All before*, are calculated to regulate trade, and preſerve or promote a mutually beneficial intercourſe between the ſeveral conſtituent parts of the empire; and tho' many of them impoſed duties on trade, yet thoſe duties were always impoſed *with deſign* to reſtrain the commerce of one part, that was injurious to another, and thus to promote the general welfare. The raiſing a revenue thereby was never intended. Thus, the King, by his judges in his courts of juſtice, impoſes fines, which altogether amount to a very conſiderable ſum, and contribute to the ſupport of government: But this is merely a conſequence ariſing from reſtrictions, that only meant to keep peace and prevent confuſion; and ſurely a man would argue very looſely, who ſhould conclude from hence, that the King has a right to levy money in general upon his ſubjects. Never did the *Britiſh* parliament, till the period above mentioned, think of impoſing duties in *America*, FOR THE PURPOSE OF RAISING A REVENUE. Mr. *Grenville*'s ſagacity firſt introduced this language, in the preamble to the fourth of *George* III. chap. 15th, which has theſe words,—" And whereas it is juſt and neceſſary, that A REVENUE BE RAISED IN YOUR MAJESTY'S SAID DOMINIONS IN AMERICA, *for defraying the expences of defending, protecting, and ſecuring the ſame:* We your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, THE COMMONS OF GREAT-BRITAIN, in parliament aſſembled, being deſirous to make ſome proviſion, in this preſent ſeſſion of parliament, TOWARDS RAISING THE SAID REVENUE IN AMERICA, have reſolved to GIVE and GRANT unto your Majeſty the ſeveral rates and duties herein after mentioned," &c.

A few months after came the *Stamp-Act*, which reciting this, proceeds in the ſame ſtrange mode of expreſſion, thus —" And whereas it is juſt and neceſſary, that proviſion be made FOR RAISING A FURTHER REVENUE WITHIN YOUR MAJESTY'S DOMINIONS IN AMERICA, *towards defraying the ſaid expences*, we your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, THE COMMONS OF GREAT-BRITAIN, &c. GIVE and GRANT," &c. as before.

The laſt act, granting duties upon paper, &c. carefully purſues theſe modern precedents. The preamble is, " whereas it is expedient THAT A REVENUE SHOULD BE RAISED IN YOUR MAJESTY'S DOMINIONS IN AMERICA, *for making a more certain and adequate proviſion for defraying the charge of the adminiſtration of juſtice, and the ſupport of civil government in ſuch provinces, where it ſhall be found neceſſary; and towards the further defraying the expences of defending, protecting and ſecuring the ſame dominions*, we your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the COMMONS OF GREAT-BRITAIN, &c. GIVE and GRANT, &c. as before.

Here we may obſerve an authority *expreſſly* claimed and exerted to impoſe duties on theſe colonies; not for the regulation of trade; not for the preſervation or promotion of a mutually beneficial intercourſe between the ſeveral conſtituent parts of the empire, heretofore the *ſole objects* of parliamentary inſtitutions; *but for the ſingle purpoſe of levying money upon us.*

This I call an † innovation; and a moſt dangerous innovation. It may perhaps be objected, that *Great Britain* has a right to lay what duties ſhe pleaſes upon her ‡ exports, and it makes no difference to us whether they are paid here or there. To this I anſwer—Theſe colonies require

* *For the ſatisfaction of the reader, recitals from the former acts of parliament relating to theſe colonies are added. By comparing theſe with the modern acts, he will perceive their great difference in* expreſſion *and* intention.

The 12*th* Charles II. *chap.* 18, *which forms the foundation of the laws relating to* our *trade, by enacting that certain productions of the colonies ſhould be carried to England only, and that no goods ſhall be imported from the plantations but in ſhips belonging to* England, Ireland, Wales, Berwick, *or the* Plantations, *&c. begins thus,* " *For the* increaſe of ſhipping, and encouragement of the navigation of this nation, *wherein, under the good providence and protection of GOD, the wealth,* ſafety, *and ſtrength of this kingdom is ſo much concerned,*" *&c.*

The 15*th* Charles II. *chap.* 7, *enforcing the ſame regulation, aſſigns theſe reaſons for it:* " *In regard his Majeſty's plantations beyond the ſeas are inhabited and peopled by his ſubjects of this his kingdom of* England; *for the* maintaining a greater correſpondence and kindneſs between them, *and keeping them in a firmer dependance upon it, and rendering them yet more beneficial and advantageous unto it, in the* further employment and increaſe of *Engliſh* ſhipping and ſeamen, *vent of* Engliſh *woollen and other manufactures and commodities*, rendering the navigation to and from the ſame more ſafe and cheap, *and making this kingdom a* ſtaple *not only of the commodities of theſe plantations, but alſo of the commodities of other countries and places*, for the ſupplying of them; *and it being the* uſage *of other nations to keep their plantation trade to themſelves,*" *&c.*

The 25*th of* Charles II. *chap.* 7, *made expreſſly* " for the better ſecuring the plantation trade," *which impoſes duties on certain commodities exported from one colony to another, mentions this cauſe for impoſing them,* " *Whereas by one act paſſed in the* 12*th year of your Majeſty's Reign, intitled,* An act for encouragement of ſhipping and navigation, *and by ſeveral other laws, paſſed ſince that time, it is permitted to ſhip, &c. ſugars, tobacco, &c. of the growth, &c. of any of your Majeſty's plantations in* America, *&c. from the places of their growth, &c. to any other of your Majeſty's plantations in thoſe parts, &c. and that* without paying cuſtom for the ſame, *either at the lading or unlading the ſaid commodities, by means whereof the trade and navigation in thoſe commodities, from one plantation to another, is greatly increaſed; and the inhabitants of divers of thoſe colonies*, not contenting themſelves with being ſupplied with thoſe commodities for their own uſe free from all cuſtoms *(while the ſubjects of this your kingdom of* England *have paid great cuſtoms and impoſitions for what of them hath been ſpent here)* but, contrary to the expreſs letter of the aforeſaid laws, have brought into divers parts of *Europe, great quantities thereof, and alſo vend great quantities thereof to the ſhipping of other nations, who bring them into divers parts of* Europe, *to the great hurt and diminution of your Majeſty's cuſtoms, and of the* trade *and* navigation *of this your kingdom*; FOR THE PREVENTION THEREOF, *&c.*

The 7th and 8*th* William III. *chap.* 22, *intitled,* " *An act for preventing frauds, and regulating abuſes in the plantation trade,*" *recites, that,* " *Notwithſtanding divers acts, &c. great abuſes are daily committed, to the* prejudice of the *Engliſh* navigation, and the loſs of a great part of the plantation trade, *to this kingdom, by the* artifice *and* cunning *of ill-diſpoſed perſons*; FOR REMEDY WHEREOF, *&c. And whereas in ſome of his Majeſty's* American *plantations, a doubt or miſconſtruction has ariſen upon the beforementioned act, made in the* 25*th year of the reign of King* Charles II. *whereby certain duties are laid upon the commodities therein enumerated (which by law may be tranſported from one plantation to another, for the ſupply of each others wants)* as if *the ſame were, by the payment of thoſe duties in one plantation, diſcharged from giving the ſecurities intended by the aforeſaid acts, made in the* 12*th*, 22*d*, *and* 23*d years of the reign of King* Charles II. *and conſequently be at liberty to go to any foreign market in* Europe, *&c.*

† *It is worthy obſervation how quietly ſubſidies, granted in forms uſual and accuſtomable (though heavy) are borne; ſuch a power hath uſe and cuſtom; on the other ſide, what diſcontentment and diſturbances ſubſidies framed in a new mould do raiſe (*SUCH AN INBRED HATRED NOVELTY DOTH BATCH*) is evident by examples of former times.* Lord Coke's 2d Inſtitute, p. 33.

‡ *Some people whoſe minds ſeem incapable of uniting two ideas, think that* Great-Britain *has the ſame right to impoſe duties on the exports to theſe colonies, as on thoſe to*

The 6*th* Anne, *chap.* 37, *reciting the* " *Advancement of trade, and encouragement of ſhips of war, &c. grants to the* captors *the property of all prizes carried into* America, *ſubject to ſuch cuſtoms and duties, as if the ſame had been firſt imported into any part of* Great-Britain, *and from thence exported,* &c.

This was a gift of perſons acting under commiſſions from the crown, *and therefore it was reaſonable that the terms preſcribed in that gift, ſhould be complied with—more eſpecially as the payment of ſuch duties was intended to give a preference to the productions of the* Britiſh *colonies over thoſe of other colonies. However, being found inconvenient to the colonies, about four years afterwards, this act was,* for that reaſon, *ſo far repealed, that by another act* " *all* PRIZE GOODS *imported into any part of* Great-Britain, *from any of the plantations, were made liable to ſuch duties only in* Great-Britain, *as in caſe they had been of the growth and produce of the plantations.*"

The 6*th* George II. *chapter* 13, *which impoſes duties on foreign rum, ſugar and moloſſes, imported into the colonies, ſhews the reaſons thus—*" *Whereas the welfare and proſperity of your Majeſty's ſugar colonies in* America *are of the greateſt conſequence and importance to the* trade, navigation *and* ſtrength *of this kingdom; and whereas the planters of the ſaid ſugar colonies, have of late years,* fallen into ſuch great diſcouragements, *that they are unable to improve or carry on the ſugar trade,* upon an equal footing *with the foreign ſugar colonies,* without ſome advantage and relief be given to them from *Great-Britain*: FOR REMEDY WHEREOF, AND FOR THE GOOD AND WELFARE OF YOUR MAJESTY'S SUBJECTS," *&c.*

The 29*th* George II. *chapter* 26, *and the* 1*ſt* George III. *chap.* 9*th, which continues the* 6*th* George II. *chap.* 13, *declare, that the ſaid act hath, by experience, been found uſeful and* beneficial, *&c.——Theſe are all the moſt conſiderable ſtatutes relating to the commerce of the colonies; and it is thought to be utterly unneceſſary to add any obſervations to theſe extracts, to prove that they were all intended ſolely as* regulations of trade.

many things for their use, which the laws of *Great-Britain* prohibit them from getting any where *but from her*. Such are paper and glaſs.

That we may legally be bound to pay any *general* duties on theſe commodities, relative to the regulation of trade, is granted; but we being *obliged by her laws* to take them from *Great-Britain*, any *ſpecial* duties impoſed on their exportation to *us* ONLY, *with intention to raiſe a revenue from us* ONLY, are as much *taxes* upon us as thoſe impoſed by the *Stamp-Act*.

What is the difference in *ſubſtance* and *right*, whether the ſame ſum is raiſed upon us by the rates mentioned in the *Stamp-Act*, on the *uſe* of the paper, or by theſe duties, on the *importation* of it. It is nothing but the edition of a former book, with a new title page.

Suppoſe the duties were made payable in *Great-Britain*? It ſignifies nothing to us, whether they are to be paid here or there. Had the *Stamp-Act* directed, that all the paper ſhould be landed at *Florida*, and the duties paid there, before it was brought to the *Britiſh* colonies, would the act have raiſed leſs money upon us, or have been leſs deſtructive of our rights? By no means: For as we were under a *neceſſity* of uſing the paper, we ſhould have been under the neceſſity of paying the duties. Thus, in the preſent caſe, a like *neceſſity* will ſubject us, if this act continues in force, to the payment of the duties now impoſed.

WHY was the *Stamp-Act* then ſo pernicious to freedom? It did not enact that every man in the colonies *ſhould* buy a certain quantity of paper—No! It only directed, that no inſtrument of writing ſhould be valid in law, if not made on ſtamped paper, *&c.*

The makers of that act knew full well, that the confuſions that would ariſe from the diſuſe of writings, would COMPEL the colonies to uſe the ſtamped paper, and therefore to pay the taxes impoſed. For this reaſon the *Stamp-Act* was ſaid to be a law that WOULD EXECUTE ITSELF. For the very ſame reaſon, the laſt act of parliament, if it is granted to have any force here, WILL EXECUTE ITSELF, and will be attended with the very ſame conſequences to *American* liberty.

Some Perſons perhaps may ſay, that this act lays us under no neceſſity to pay the duties impoſed, becauſe we may ourſelves manufacture the articles on which they are laid; whereas by the *Stamp-Act* no inſtrument of writing could be good, unleſs made on *Britiſh* paper, and that too ſtamped.

Such an objection amounts to no more than this, that the injury reſulting to theſe colonies, from the total diſuſe of *Britiſh* paper and glaſs, will not be ſo afflicting as that which would have reſulted from the total diſuſe of writing among them; for by that means even the *Stamp-Act* might have been eluded. Why then was it univerſally detected by them as ſlavery itſelf? Becauſe it preſented to theſe devoted provinces nothing but a choice of calamities, imbittered by indignities, each of which it was unworthy of freemen to bear. But is no injury a violation of right but the *greateſt* injury? If the eluding the payment of the taxes impoſed by the *Stamp-Act*, would have ſubjected us to a more dreadful inconvenience, than the eluding the payment of thoſe impoſed by the late act; does it therefore follow, that the laſt is *no violation* of our rights, though it is calculated for the ſame purpoſe the other was, that is, *to raiſe money upon us*, WITHOUT OUR CONSENT?

This would be making *right* to conſiſt, not in an exemption from *injury*, but from a certain *degree of injury*.

But the objectors may further ſay, that we ſhall ſuffer no injury at all by the diſuſe of *Britiſh* paper and glaſs. We might not, if we could make as much as we want. But can any man, acquainted with *America*, believe this poſſible? I am told there are but two or three *glaſs houſes* on this continent, and but very few *paper mills*; and ſuppoſe more ſhould be erected, a long courſe of years muſt elapſe before they can be brought to perfection. This continent is a country of planters, farmers, and fiſhermen; not of manufacturers. The difficulty of eſtabliſhing particular manufactures in ſuch a country, is almoſt inſuperable. For one manufacture is connected with others in ſuch a manner, that it may be ſaid to be impoſſible to eſtabliſh one or two, without eſtabliſhing ſeveral others. The experience of many nations may convince us of this truth.

Inexpreſſible therefore muſt be our diſtreſſes in avaiding the late acts, by the diſuſe of *Britiſh* paper and glaſs. Nor will this be the extent of our misfortune, if we admit the legality of that act.

Great-Britain has prohibited the manufacturing iron and ſteel in theſe colonies, without any objection being made to her *right* of doing it. The like right ſhe muſt have to prohibit any other manufacture among us. Thus ſhe is poſſeſſed of an undiſputed *precedent* on that point. This authority ſhe will ſay is founded on the *original intention* of ſettling theſe colonies; that is, that ſhe ſhould manufacture for them, and that they ſhould ſupply her with materials. The *equity* of this policy, ſhe will alſo ſay, has been univerſally acknowledged by the colonies, who never have made the leaſt objection to ſtatutes for that purpoſe, and will further appear by the *mutual benefits* flowing from this uſage, ever ſince the ſettlement of theſe colonies.

Our great advocate, Mr. *Pitt*, in his ſpeeches on the debate concerning the repeal of the *Stamp-Act*, acknowledged that *Great-Britain* could reſtrain our manufactures. His words are theſe—"This kingdom, as the ſupreme governing and legiſlative power, has ALWAYS bound the colonies by her regulations and *reſtrictions* in trade, in navigation, in MANUFACTURES, in every thing, *except that of taking their money out of their pockets*, WITHOUT THEIR CONSENT." Again he ſays, "We may bind their trade, CONFINE THEIR MANUFACTURES, and exerciſe every power whatever, *except that of taking money out of their pockets*, WITHOUT THEIR CONSENT."

Here then, my dear countrymen, rouſe yourſelves, and behold the ruin hanging over your heads, if you ONCE admit that *Great-Britain* may lay duties on her exportations to us, *for the purpoſe of levying money upon us only*. She then will have nothing to do but to lay thoſe duties on the articles which ſhe prohibits us to manufacture—and the tragedy of *American* liberty is finiſhed. We have been prohibited from procuring manufactures, in all caſes, any where but from *Great Britain* (excepting linens which we are permitted to import directly from *Ireland*)—We have been prohibited, in ſome caſes, from manufacturing for ourſelves, and may be prohibited in others. We are therefore exactly in the ſituation of a city beſieged, which is ſurrounded by the works of the beſiegers in every part *but one*. If *that* is cloſed up, no help can be taken, *but to ſurrender at diſcretion*. If *Great-Britain* can order us to come to her for neceſſaries we want, and can order us to pay what taxes ſhe pleaſes before we take them away, or when we land them here, we are as abject ſlaves as *France* and *Poland* can ſhew in wooden ſhoes, and with uncombed hair.

Perhaps the nature of the neceſſities of the dependant ſtates, cauſed by the policy of a governing one, for her own benefit, may be elucidated by a fact mentioned in hiſtory. When the *Carthaginians* were poſſeſſed of the iſland of *Sardinia*, they made a decree, that the *Sardinians* ſhould not raiſe corn, nor get it any other way than from the *Carthaginians*. Then, by impoſing any duties they would upon it, they drained from the miſerable *Sardinians* any ſums they pleaſed; and whenever that oppreſſed people made the leaſt movement to aſſert their liberty, their tyrants ſtarved them to death or ſubmiſſion. This may be called the moſt perfect kind of political neceſſity.

From what has been ſaid, I think, this uncontrovertible concluſion may be deduced--That when a ruling ſtate obliges a dependant ſtate to take certain commodities from her alone, it is implied in the nature of that obligation; is eſſentially requiſite to give it the leaſt degree of juſtice; and is inſeparably united with it, in order to preſerve any ſhare of freedom to the dependant ſtate; *that thoſe commodities ſhould never be loaded with duties*, FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF LEVYING MONEY ON THE DEPENDANT STATE.

The place of paying the duties, impoſed by the late act, appears to me therefore to be totally immaterial. The ſingle queſtion is, whether the parliament can legally impoſe duties to be paid *by the people of theſe colonies only*, FOR THE SOLE PURPOSE OF RAISING A REVENUE, *on commodities which ſhe obliges us to take from her alone*? Or, in other words, whether the parliament can legally *take money out of our pockets without our conſent*? If they can, our boaſted liberty is but

Vox et præterea nihil.
A ſound, and nothing elſe.

A FARMER.

‖ *The peaſants of* France *wear wooden ſhoes; and the vaſſals of* Poland *are remarkable for matted hair, which never can be combed.*

From the LONDON CHRONICLE, September 10, 1767.

TO THE PRINTER.

BY *the detail of the late conferences amongſt the Great for compoſing a new miniſtry, it is very obſervable, that they were rendered fruitleſs, not on account of any diſagreement about meaſures propoſed for the good of the kingdom, but on account of their difference in opinion about filling up the poſts of the publick, and placing their own particular friends therein. It does not appear by ſuch detail, that the leaſt mention was made of any meaſures that were proper to be taken to redreſs the greivances of the nation, or to ſtem that odious torrent of corruption, which hath vitiated the very vitals of our conſtitution: On the contrary, the chief diſagreement amongſt them was, who was the propereſt perſon to ſupport ſuch corrupt miniſterial ſyſtem, and to take the lead in a certain aſſembly. By which it is very evident that they held ſuch conferences not about the intereſt of their King and Country, but their own. The people of England, therefore, are not at all concerned, that ſuch conferences, wherein their good was not in the leaſt conſidered, broke up fruitleſs, and in confuſion. The people want, and earneſtly wiſh for, a Miniſtry that will make their good the principal object of their conſideration, and reſtore their rotten conſtitution to ſome degree of ſanity; and if they cannot obtain ſuch a one, they care not, nor is it of any import to them, who comes into power, or who goes out.*

Your's, &c. *VOX POPULI.*

LONDON,

OCTOBER 24. *Yeſterday John Pitt, Eſq; member for Warcham in Dorſetſhire, kiſſed His Majeſty's hand on being appointed Surveyor General of His Majeſty's woods, North and South of Trent, in the room of Sir Edmond Thomas, Bart. deceaſed.*

On Thurſday ſome favourable diſpatches were received from Otho Hamilton, Eſq; Governor of Placentia, ſaid to be relative to the further improvements in lands, and alſo the fiſheries, and furr trade in the ſaid iſland.

We are told the Prince of Monaco in whoſe territories the Duke of York died, has got a preſſing invitation to paſs the winter in this kingdom.

Two Roman Princes of the Altieri family are ſaid to be expected this winter in England.

The enſuing Seſſion of parliament, 'tis thought will be but of very ſhort duration, that the Members may have time to attend the buſineſs of re-election.

'Tis ſaid that in conſequence of a late death, a certain great man would have been diveſted of a certain great employment, had it not been too late to appoint any body in his room.

'Tis ſaid a very penal bill will be brought in next ſeſſion, to reſtrain bribery and corruption at Elections.

'Tis whiſpered at the weſt end of the town, that a certain enterprizing Sovereign on the continent, was ſecretly in London, for no leſs than a fortnight in the month of laſt Auguſt.

Extract of a Letter from an officer, dated Camp of Rajamundry, (in the Eaſt-Indies) December 16, 1766.

"*The 1ſt of September laſt we marched a ſtrong detachment from Ellour to Cullour, where a party watched the motions of a large army of horſe that threatened deſtruction to our frontiers.—The ſcene is quite changed, the affair being accommodated. A long campaign, and a different ſervice, open a pleaſing proſpect to us all.*"

By letters from Portugal we are told that the Count De Oeyras, increaſes every day in his hatred of the Engliſh, and 'tis thought we ſhall get no good of him without proceeding to extremities.

We hear from Paris, that a domeſtic of M. De Buffy's was ſet out for London, to hire a magnificent hotel for his maſter; he propoſing to ſpend part of the enſuing winter in England.

Letters by the laſt mail from Paris mention the death of one Ann Louiſa Aliard, who attained to the great age of 117, a ſimilar inſtance of which has not been known for many years.

Lately died at Ghent, in Flanders, the famous Jenny Cameron, Miſtreſs to the Pretender in the rebellion in the year one thouſand ſeven hundred and forty-five.

Thurſday died in St. Giles's, one Mary Caſſidy an Iriſh woman, who uſed to go about the brick-fields ſelling gin to the men at work, by which ſhe amaſſed no leſs than 1500l.

BOSTON, DECEMBER 4.

From Mendon we have the following paragraph: "The Wife of Mr. Noah Cooke, of this Town, has had four Children, within the ſhort Space of one Year and ſixteen Days. What makes it the more remarkable is, that Mr. Cooke was a married Man four Years before his preſent Wife was born, and his laſt Child makes him Father of 19."

Extract of a Letter from Monti Chriſti, *November* 6.

"New Diſputes have ariſen between the French and Spaniards; within theſe ten Days the French have not ſuffered the Spaniſh ſmall Craft to bring any Molaſſes, and the Spanards drive away all the French Craft, ſo that the Trade is in a manner ſtopped for the preſent: We have juſt heard that Cape Nicola Mole was opened for the Engliſh, but do not know upon what Regulations."

NEW-YORK, DECEMBER 17.

Friday laſt came to town from Philadelphia 11 Mohawk Indians, who left Sir William Johnſon's the 25th of May laſt, and went down Suſquehanna to Harris's ferry, where Hugh Crawford, their Conductor joined them; on the 19th of June they came to York-Town, and afterwards proceeded with two ſurveyors, Mr. Dixon and Mr. Maſon, to run the line between Lord Baltimore and Mr. Penn: As they run this line through the Indian's land, Sir William thought proper to ſend theſe Indians down, among whom are the famous Hendrick, and ſome other principal head men of the Mohawk nation, who finding the winter coming on, left the ſurveyors in order to return home this way.

Some perſons who pretend to be in the Secret of affairs affirm, that the Indians in general on the continent, are daily growing more and more diſſatisfied and diſcontented among themſelves, and that it will very probably ſoon produce a rupture ſomewhere.

Monday laſt was brought to Market in this city, a cow, only ſix years old, whoſe four quarters, hide and tallow, weighed 1054 pounds.

Saturday laſt the General Aſſembly of this province now ſitting, choſe Abraham Lott, Eſq; to be provincial treaſurer, in the room of Abraham Depeyſter, Eſq; deceaſed; and Mr. Edmund Seaman, to be Clerk, in the room of Mr. Lott.

The expectation of ſeeing the Indian Chiefs at the play on Monday night, occaſioned a great concourſe of people; the houſe was crowded, and it is ſaid great numbers were obliged to go away for want of room.

The Indians regarded the play, (which was *King Richard the IIId,*) with ſeriouſneſs and attention, but as it cannot be ſuppoſed that they were ſufficiently acquainted with the language to underſtand the plot and deſign, and enter into the ſpirit of the author, their countenances and behaviour were rather expreſſive of ſurprize and curioſity, than any other paſſions.——Some of them were much ſurprized and diverted at the tricks of HARLEQUIN.

'Tis aſſerted, that the day after their arrival, three of the Mohawk chiefs were met by accident by the Cherokees, who thereupon very ceremonioufly offered, and ſmoaked with them the calumet of peace.

PHILADELPHIA, DECEMBER 10.

By Captain Guitton, in 30 Days from Penſacola, we learn, that the Sickneſs which prevailed there ſome time ago, was much abated, and that the Place was pretty healthy when he came away; that Governor Elliott was daily expected there to take the Command of that Government.

Laſt Week was brought to Town from New-Jerſey, a live Hog, which weighed upwards of 830 Pounds, thought to be the largeſt ever raiſed in America.

DECEMBER 24. We are informed that the Rev. Mr. Samuel Blair, having declined the Preſidency of the College of New-Jerſey, the Truſtees met on Wedneſday the 9th inſtant, at Naſſau-Hall; and unanimouſly re-elected the Rev. and learned Dr. John Witherſpoon, an eminent divine of the Church of Scotland to that office; on ſatisfactory intelligence being received, that the obſtructions which ſtood in the way of the Doctor's acceptance of the Chair when offered him laſt year, were now removed,—and that in caſe it was ſtill vacant, and he ſhould be re-elected, he would accept it.

The latter end of laſt week the weather was ſo cold, that by Sunday morning there was ſo much ice in our river, that the navigation was ſtopped, and has caught in this harbour, 61 ſail of veſſels, viz. 26 ſhips, 21 brigs, 1 ſnow, 3 ſchooners and 10 ſloops, great part of which are loaded, and had the river continued open, would have ſailed in a few days.—The ſhip Newry Aſſiſtance, Capt. Chevers, and the Britannia, Capt. Hardy, were ſtopt at Glouſter point, where they are hauled up, and lay pretty ſafe.—The brig Suſannah, Capt. Moore, was alſo ſtopped at Marcus Hook by the ice.

CHARLES-TOWN, JANUARY 12.

LAST Tueſday the Honourable Commons Houſe of Aſſembly of this Province, met at the State-Houſe, according to Adjournment, and are now ſitting for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

The ſame Day arrived here from New-Providence, his Majeſty's Sloop Chaleurs, Captain Laugherne.

By the Maſter of a Veſſel in a ſhort Paſſage from England, we learn, That it was reported the French were buſy in equipping a large Fleet at Breſt, and that the Tweed Frigate was diſpatched with Orders to look into that Port.

From St. Auguſtine we learn, that the Veſſel ſent to bring off the unfortunate People belonging to the Schooner Kitty of New-York, Balthaſar Kipp, Maſter, from Member Rock, (as mentioned in this Paper No. 106) had returned, without affecting it, the Maſter not chuſing to venture on the Banks; but that another Veſſel was provided, and the poor People were happily releaſed, after ſuffering the greateſt Diſtreſs for Forty-two Days.—Captain Kipp died the ſixth Day after his Veſſel was loſt.

The Bonetta Man of War, Capt. Wallace, from St. Auguſtine; Beggars Benniſon, Affleck, from Dunbar; and Nancy, Parker, from London, are all arrived at Georgia.

The Prince of Wales, Capt. Maſon, from this Port, arrived at Philadelphia in four Days Paſſage.

DIED] Mr. John Evans, of St. Helena Pariſh.

The following Receipt for the Bite of a Mad Dog, *has lately been publiſhed, and it is likely may be of public Utility, viz.*——"Take the herb treſoil, mouſe ear, dwarf-box, and periwinkle, of each an equal quantity; dry them very well before the fire, then pound and ſift them very fine; take a large ſpoonful three mornings together, faſting, in half a pint of new milk, three days before the full or change of the moon. Note; half the quantity is ſufficient for a child, and two ſpoonfuls for any beaſt or dog. All the above herbs muſt be gathered in the month of May, and as dry as poſſible; when you have made the quantity you chuſe, put it into glaſs phials, and ſtop them very cloſe."

Spain *and* Portugal, *&c.*——*Such perſons attend ſo much to the idea of exportation, that they intirely drop* that of the connection between the mother country and her colonies. —*If* Great-Britain *had always claimed and exerciſed an authority to compel* Spain *and* Portugal *to import manufactures from her only, the caſes would be parallel: But as ſhe has never pretended to ſuch a right, they are at liberty to get them where they pleaſe; and if they chuſe to take them of her, rather than from other nations, they voluntarily conſent to pay the duties impoſed on them.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.

Jan. 6th.	Ship Admiral Hawke, John M'Caddon,	*From* Londonderry
7th.	Schooner Wm. & Sarah, Wm. Brown,	N. Providence
	Ship Anne, William Ward, jun.	London
	Schooner Chance, Alexander Wyley,	Georgia
8th.	Brig Tyrrel, Thomas Arwin,	St. Euſtatia
	Sloop Union, Noah Stovell,	Ditto
	Schooner Eaſt-Florida, Ben. Barton,	St. Auguſtine
9th.	Ship Roſe-Iſland, Richard Brewer,	London
	Snow James & Mary, John Moore,	Larne
	Brig Fanny, John Peck,	Boſton
	Ship James, Peter Creighton,	Philadelphia
11th.	Schooner Benjamin, Thomas Tucker,	St. Auguſtine
	Schooner Mary, John Doran,	Ditto

ENTRIES OUTWARD.

Jan. 5th.	Sloop Succeſs, John Williams,	*For* Barbados
6th.	Sloop Two-Friends, John Forſter,	Georgia
	Sloop Relief, William Williams,	Dominica
7th.	Brig Edward, William Taylor,	Anguilla
8th.	Sloop Betſey, Solomon Gibbs,	Jamaica
9th.	Ship Vine, George Chiſman,	London

CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.

Jan. 5th.	Schooner Induſtry, Daniel Campbell,	*For* Grenada
	Snow Sweepſtakes, Martin Cole,	Liſbon
	Ship Juno, Conſtant Freeman,	Briſtol
6th.	Ship Betty, Robert Davidſon,	Jamaica
	Sloop Montagu, Richard Todd,	Ditto
7th.	Ship Sally, Herculus Angus,	Liſbon
8th.	Brig Elizabeth, James Hunt,	Barcelona
9th.	Ship Hector, Flower Ruſſel,	Cowes
11th.	Sloop Two Friends, John Forſter,	Georgia

Charles-Town PRICE-CURRENT. Of South-Carolina PRODUCE.

By the Hundred Weight.

RICE, 50s. o
Terpentine, 16s. 6
Rozin, *none*
Flour, 4l. 5 to 5l. 10
Ship Bread, 5l.
Hemp, *(beſides the bounty)* 7l.
Saſſafras, 15s.

By the Barrel.

Pitch, 50s.
Tar, Common, 40s. / Green, 70s.
Pork, *none*
Beef, *no demand*

By the Pound.

Deer Skins, 14s.
Ditto in the Hair, 7s. 6
Beaver Skins, 20s.
INDICO. Flora, *none.* / Beſt Purple, 21s. / Ditto Copper, 21s. / 2d Sort, 12 to 17s. / 3d Sort, 5 to 10s.
Pink and Snake Root, 3s. 9
Myrtle Wax, 5s.
Bees Wax, 6s.
Tann'd Leather, 3s. 6 to 5s.
Butter, 3s. 6
Hogs Lard, 3s.
Tallow, 2s. 9 to 3s.
Single Refin'd Sugar, 5s.

By the Buſhel.

Indian Corn, 10s.
Indico Seed, *no demand.*
Black-Ey'd Peaſe, 15s.
Red Peaſe, 10s.
Potatoes, 10s.
Ground Nuts, 20s.
Ruff Rice, 12s. 6
Oats, 10s.
Lime, 2s.

By the Thouſand Weight.

Corn Blades, 10l.
Hay, 7l.

By the Box.

Soap, 2 to 4d. lb.
Dipt Tallow Candles, 4d. 6
Mould Ditto, 5d.
Myrtle Wax Ditto, 6d.

By the Thouſand.

Shingles, 5l.
Bricks, 6l.
STAVES. W. Oak Pipe, 40 to 50l. / Ditto Hhd. 25 to 30l. / Ditto Barrel, *none* / Red Oak Hhd. 18l.

By the Hundred Feet.

PINE. Half Inch Boards, 30s. / Three-fourth Inch, 35s. / Inch, 40s. / Featheredge, 35s. / Inch and 3 fourth, 75s. / Inch and an Half, 75s. / Inch and 3 Qrs. 80s. / Two Inch, 4 to 5l. 10
Scantling & Timber, 3 to 6l.
Shingling Laths, 50s.
CYPRESS. Half Inch, 65s. / Three-fourth Inch, 50s. / Inch, 55s. / Inch and 1 fourth, 60s. / Inch and an Half, 65s. / Inch and 3 fourths, 80s. / Two Inch, 5l.
Scantling & Timber, 4 to 8l.

By the Barrel.

Double Beer, *none*
Table ditto, *none*
Small ditto, *none*

By the Hundred.

Plaiſtering Laths, 40s. p. M.
Reeds, 15 to 20s.

By the Hogſhead.

Rum, 10s.

By the Cord.

Red Oak Bark, 10l.
Hickory Wood, 4l. 15
Oak ditto, 4l.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles-Town, January 4, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Meſſrs. Thomas Liſton and William Hope, of Charles-Town, merchants, have aſſigned all their debts and effects to the ſubſcribers, in truſt, for paying out of the money to ariſe therefrom ſuch of the creditors of Middleton, Liſton and Hope, and of the ſaid Thomas Liſton and William Hope, as ſhall within twelve months, from this day, conſent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the ſaid money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releaſes of their ſaid demands as againſt the ſaid Thomas and William: their other creditors are excluded from any ſhare of the ſaid money; therefore thoſe who are willing to accept dividends upon the terms above mentioned, are deſired to ſignify ſuch conſent, and tranſmit their accounts duly atteſted, within the time above limited; and all perſons indebted to them, are requeſted forthwith to ſettle with, and pay their ſaid debts to one or other of us.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN CHAPMAN,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
WILLIAM PRICE,
JOHN RUTLEDGE.

TO BE SOLD by publick vendue, at the plantation of the late Mr. William Branford, deceaſed, commonly called Old Town, in St. Andrew's pariſh, on Wedneſday the 3d of February next, a part of the perſonal eſtate of the ſaid deceaſed, to wit,

FOUR prime young Stallions, immediately from Engliſh blood, alſo the furniture of the houſe on the ſaid plantation, conſiſting of a variety of tables, chairs, glaſſes, &c. alſo ſeveral other articles. The ſale to begin at eleven o'clock, and credit will be given for any ſum above one hundred pounds, on approved ſecurity and intereſt. Boats will be in town in the morning to carry up ſuch as chooſe to go, but if the day ſhould prove bad, the ſale will be the firſt fair day after.

JOHN SAVAGE,
FRANCIS ROSE,
THOMAS SAVAGE, } Executors.

TO BE LET, ready furniſhed,

A DINING-ROOM and a Lodging-Room on the Bay. Enquire of the Printer.

DANCING.

PIKE'S DANCING SCHOOL in Church-ſtreet, oppoſite to the Houſe of John Izard, Eſq; will be opened for the Tuition of young Ladies and Gentlemen, on Thurſday, January 14th Inſtant, to begin at Nine in the Morning, and continue every Thurſday and Saturday during the Seaſon.

The Evening School for private Scholars is continued as uſual, every Night in the Week, from Six o'Clock to Nine. He teaches the Uſe of the Small Sword at the ſame Place, every Morning from Five o'Clock to Nine.

FOR SALE,

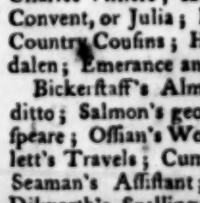
A COMPLEAT aſſortment of freſh GOODS, now in the ſtore lately occupied by William Joor of Bacons-Bridge, near Dorcheſter. Any perſon having an inclination to open a country ſtore, cannot do it in a better part of the country, or on eaſier terms than may be had, by applying to Mr. Miles Brewton, in Charles-Town, or in Dorcheſter, to JOHN JOOR.

N. B. The ſtores are to be ſold on very reaſonable terms. All perſons to whom the ſaid William Joor was indebted, are deſired to give in their demands atteſted, and thoſe indebted to that eſtate, are requeſted to diſcharge their reſpective debts by the 25th of March next, to John Joor.—No other notice will be given.

WILLIAM ADAMS, WRITING-MASTER,

RETURNS his grateful Acknowledgments to the Publick, and to his Friends in particular, for the great Encouragement received; and hopes that his continued Aſſiduity and Diligence, will merit a Continuance of their Favours and Recommendation; he begs leave to inform them, that he has lately opened School in King-ſtreet, next Door to where he lately lived; Children and Youth, of both Sexes, may be inſtructed in Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, together with Merchants Accounts, &c. agreeable to his Advertiſement in this Paper of July laſt.

N. B. He continues to teach in private as uſual, and keeps an Evening School.



For LONDON, BRISTOL, LIVERPOOLE, or the MARKETS, The Ship FAME,

PETER CREIGHTON, Maſter;

SHE is a fine veſſel, and may carry about nine hundred barrels of rice. Thoſe that may be inclined to ſhip on board her, muſt treat with JOSIAH SMITH, junior.

N. B. Juſt imported in ſaid Ship, from Philadelphia, a parcel of Lewis's ſuperfine flour, Haynes's double beer, ſhip bread and barr iron, which will be ſold reaſonable for caſh, at a ſtore on Eveleigh's wharf. Enquire as above.

MY DANCING-SCHOOL,

IS opened for the Winter Seaſon, in Berresford's Alley.

ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

TO BE SOLD,

At public outcry, on Thurſday 26th of February next, if a fair day, if not, on the next fair day after, at the plantation of Archibald Calder, on Ediſto-Iſland;

PART of the perſonal eſtate of John Calder, late of the ſaid iſland, deceaſed, conſiſting of about ſixteen valuable NEGROES, among which is a good driver, a cooper, ſeveral boatmen, and handy boys and girls. Alſo a ſtock of Horſes, Cattle and Hogs. The conditions of the ſale are, all ſums amounting to Twenty Pounds, to be caſh, all ſums above Twenty Pounds, one year's credit, paying intereſt, and giving good ſecurity, to

JOSEPH FICKLING,
ARCHIBALD CALDER, } Executors.

The following Collection of BOOKS will be ſold very cheap. For further particulars, enquire of the Printer.

VICAR of Wakefield; Hiſtory of Lady Julia Mandeville; —— of Ladies Frances and Caroline; Tudor's Memoirs; Life of Madam Pompadour; ditto written by herſelf; Life of Marquis de Roſelle; —— of Miſs Jenny Saliſbury; —— of Sir George Elliſon; —— of Maria Brown; Nunnery; Female Adventurers; Conflict, or Miſs Sophia Fanbroke; Arminius, an Epic Poem; Female American; Scipio and Berganza; Author; Life of Charles Villiers; Hiſtory of Mrs. Drayton; —— of the Convent, or Julia; Progreſs of Vanity and Virtue; Picture; Country Couſins; Hiſtory of Louiſa Mildmay, or the Magdalen; Emerance and Lucy.

Bickerſtaff's Almanack; Univerſal Dictionary; Bailey's ditto; Salmon's geographical Grammar; Johnſon's Shakeſpeare; Oſſian's Works; Maſon's Plays and Poems; Smollett's Travels; Cumming on Clock and Watch-making; Seaman's Aſſiſtant; Mariner's calendar; ditto compaſs; Dilworth's Spelling-Book; Gough's Engliſh Grammar, with a Dictionary; Tate and Brady's Pſalms; fine quarto Bible, gilt; fine Prayer-Books, with Companion to the Altar, and Tate's Pſalms; Mead's Works; Tiſſot on Health; Ladies Letter-Writer; Young Man's Companion; Maſons Pocket-Companion; Gerdel on Education; Home's Plays; Butler's Hudibras; Thompſon's Works; Paradiſe loſt, with notes; Providence, a Poem; Maſque, a new Song Book; Collection of curious Songs, finely printed and bound; Clandeſtine Marriage, a Comedy, by Mr. Garrick; Cato; Smith's Eſſay.

WANTS a freight to Cowes and a market, or any other port in England;

The ſhip ESSEX, George Berwick, Maſter, a new veſſel, will carry about 700 barrels.

The Ship DONEGAL, Duncan Ferguſon, a remarkable fine ſhip, 900 barrels.

The Ship HAWKE, John M'Caddon, Maſter, will carry about 800 barrels.

The Snow JAMES and MARY, John Moore, Maſter, will carry about 500 barrels.

Any perſon wanting either, or all, of the above veſſels on freight, may have it upon very reaſonable terms, by applying to TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

Each of them have excellent accommodations for Paſſengers.

STOLEN, or taken by miſtake, out of a pew, in the north gallery of St. Philip's Church, a large quarto Common Prayer-Book, Baſkett's print, bound in red Morocco, with the name of JANE GROVE, in a blank leaf.—Whoever will deliver it to ſaid Jane Grove, or the Printer hereof, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS reward; if offered to be ſold, whoever ſtops it ſhall be entitled to the above reward.

THOSE who are indebted to us, having already had as much indulgence as they can in reaſon require; we do now earneſtly intreat they will diſcharge their ſeveral obligations as ſoon as poſſible; and if they would avoid the diſagreeable conſequence that will certainly follow a diſregard of this requeſt, let them not poſtpone it beyond the firſt day of February 1768. BRAILSFORD & CHAPMAN.

RAN-AWAY from the ſubſcribers, on Thurſday the 7th inſtant, a negro fellow, named JOHN, a taylor by trade, did formerly paſs for a free man, and is well known in and about Charles-Town and Dorcheſter; he went off in a canoe about twenty-two feet long, and three feet and an half over, outſide painted yellow, ſtem and ſtern-ſheets blue, had places for two maſts, and an iron plate over her ſtern; in ſaid canoe he carried away a maſt, ſail, and two oars, the maſt painted red, with a ſhive in the head of it, for brails. A reward of FIVE POUNDS Currency will be given for delivery of ſaid fellow to the warden of the work-houſe, and ONE DOLLAR for delivery of ſaid canoe, ſail and oars, by

TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

N. B. It is ſtrongly ſuſpected he is gone towards Dorcheſter, where he lately lived.

THE Subſcriber deſires all perſons that are anywiſe indebted to him, either by bond, note or book debt, to pay them off by the laſt of January next, without farther notice, as he intends to quit the buſineſs of Tavern Keeping, ſo he hopes that none will fail, or put him to any diſagreeable trouble. THOMAS MELVIN.

THOSE who are indebted to the eſtate of the late Stephen Peak, having had as much indulgence as they can in reaſon expect, they are earneſtly intreated to diſcharge their ſeveral obligations as ſoon as poſſible, if they would avoid the diſagreeable conſequence that muſt certainly follow a diſregard of this requeſt, if not ſatisfied before the ſixth day of February next.

JAMES LINGARD, Adminiſtrator.

TO BE SOLD,

On James-Iſland, on Wedneſday the 3d of February next, if a fair day, if not the next following;

SEVERAL hearty young NEGROES, among whom are, a good SHIP-CARPENTER and CORKER, and as good a SAWYER and BOATMAN as any in the Province; a Negro Wench who is both a good COOK and WASHER, the reſt are Field Negroes, and handy Boys. Alſo a few Head of tame Cattle; likewiſe a ſea ſide iſland, containing about 50 acres of hard marſh, &c. The Conditions will be made known on the Day of Sale by the Subſcriber.

MARY ATTWELL.

WILL BE SOLD on the firſt Tueſday in February next, at the Vendue-houſe, in Charles-Town, preciſely at twelve o'clock;

A VERY valuable plantation, or tract of land, on Saltcatchers, containing four hundred and thirty acres, very good for rice and corn, and but five miles from a good landing; it joins lands of Joſeph Wragg, Eſq; and Mr. Edward Griffith. Any perſon wanting to ſee the plats, are deſired to apply at Horſe-Savannah, to

JAMES MILES.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Plantation whereon the late Robert Hume, Eſq; lived in Gooſe-creek pariſh, about twenty miles from Charles-Town, containing 775 acres of land, on which is a large commodious dwelling-houſe, a good kitchen, barn and corn-houſe, with every other neceſſary building, and very agreeably ſituated for a country ſeat, 60 acres of the ſaid land is fit for rice, and ſome very good for corn, the remainder is well timbered with pines, and will ſuit extremely well for ſawing, not being above a mile and an half from a landing. One or two years credit will be given, if deſired, paying intereſt, and giving good ſecurity. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may treat with Mr. Johah Bonneau, in Charles-Town, or

ROBERT QUASH, junior.

PEARSON & GRAY,

CLOCK and WATCH MAKERS, in GEORGE-TOWN, SOUTH-CAROLINA;

CLEANS and repairs all Kinds of CLOCKS and WATCHES, in the neateſt and beſt Manner, and on the moſt reaſonable Terms. Thoſe that pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom, may depend on being punctually ſerved. January 8, 1768.

For LONDON directly,

THE SHIP

CAROLINA-PACKET,

(A faſt ſailing veſſel, with good accommodations for paſſengers)

WILLIAM WHITE, Maſter;

FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter, or to MILES BREWTON.

N. B. Captain White has a cheſt of good hyſon tea to ſell cheap.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered upon immediately,

THE Front Store in Broad-ſtreet, with very commodious back ſtores and cellars, ſituate between Meſſrs. Thomas and Roger Smith, and Mr. Thomas Walter, lately occupied by Mr. James M'Calf. Enquire of ISAAC MOTTE.

STOLEN from Mrs. Wragg's wharf, on Sunday evening, the third inſtant January, a large canoe (her exact dimentions not remembered) but ſuppoſed to be about 24 feet long, and about four and an half over, her gunwale and ſtern ſheets painted a dark yellow, has places for two maſts, and generally rows with four oars, but has places for ſix, a ring bolt riveted out-ſide her ſtern, and had a ſmall piece ſplit of the upper part of her gunwale, cloſe to the ſtem, in the larboard ſide. A reward of ONE DOLLAR will be given for information where the ſaid canoe may be found, or TWO DOLLARS if delivered in Charles-Town, to

TORRANS, POAUG, & Co.

WANTED,

FOR a ſmall Plantation on Pedee-river, an Overſeer who is an induſtrious, ſteady, honeſt and humane Man, that underſtands ploughing, and is a tolerable Planter: A Perſon of this Character, *well recommended*, may meet with Encouragement from

CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

TO BE SOLD on the ſpot, on Monday the 15th day of February next, at eleven o'clock, for twelve months credit, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity;

ALL that large lot of land, belonging to the ſubſcriber, fronting to the ſouthward on a ſtreet leading from Meeting-ſtreet to St. Philip's church, called by the name of Cumberland-ſtreet; and weſtward on the ſaid Meeting-ſtreet, being nearly oppoſite to the dwelling-houſe of Mr. Alexander Peronneau; the ſaid lot to be divided and ſeparated into ſeveral ſmall lots as follows, viz. five lots fronting ſouth on ſaid Cumberland-ſtreet, each containing 32 feet in breadth, and 109 in depth; one corner lot, where a work-ſhop now ſtands, containing 30 feet on Meeting-ſtreet, and 108 feet and 8 inches on ſaid Cumberland-ſtreet; and one other lot, 30 feet front on Meeting-ſtreet, and 108 feet and eight inches in depth. A plan of the whole may be refered to, lying in the hands of Mrs. Sarah Perkins, near the premiſes.

JOHN PERKINS.

TO BE SOLD for no Fault, the owner having no occaſion for him,

A STOUT, ſtrong, able, healthy, middle aged negro man, who is an exceeding good cook, and has alſo been uſed to the ſea. The conditions are ſix, nine, or twelve months credit, paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity, if required. For further particulars, enquire of the Printer.

FINE BOHEA TEA,

Juſt imported, and to be ſold by WILLIAM HULME, the Corner of Elliott-ſtreet on the BAY, at *Twenty-Seven Shillings and Six Pence* per Pound.

TO BE SOLD for no fault,

A LIKELY young negro wench, of about 18 years of age, who is as good a ſempſtreſs as any in the province. For particulars, enquire of the Printer.

For the WEST-INDIES, PHILADELPHIA, LONDON, BRISTOL, LIVERPOOLE, or COWES, and the MARKETS;

The Snow SALLY,

(Burthen about 600 barrels of rice)

EDWARD SPAIN, Maſter;

ANY perſon wanting to freight the ſaid veſſel, may enquire of the ſaid Maſter at Colonel Beale's wharf, or of ROBERT RAPER.

TO BE LET,

A VERY good Front Store ready fitted with Glaſſes, Counters, &c. A large front Cellar, and one Lodging Room, by WILLIAM GOWDEY.

TO BE SOLD,

A decked SCHOONER,

BURTHEN about 100 barrels, three years old, exceeding well found, compleatly repaired, and newly rigged the laſt fall. Enquire of WILLIAM ROPER.

Who has alſo a 70 barrel Boat to diſpoſe of.

DESERTED from the Brig RANGER, Capt. WILLIAM PICKLES, the following PALATINES, viz.

JOHN SOMAN, a Weaver by Trade, had on when he went away, a brown Coat much worn, a red Jacket with Gold Button Holes; about five Feet ſix Inches high, light brown Hair tied behind, ſwarthy Complexion, and ſpeaks little or no Engliſh.

HENRY GROTTE, a Butcher by Trade, had on when he went away, a brown Coat, Jacket and Breeches, with Buttons of the ſame Colour, the Breeches have a large Piece between the Legs, ſhort dark brown Hair, about five Feet ſix or ſeven Inches high, and ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh: He likewiſe had with him, a light blue Coat, with yellow Buttons, full trimmed with Button Holes behind, the Cuff of the Sleeve open at Bottom, and ſeveral Buttons on the Cuff.

JOHN MILLAR, a Weaver by Trade, had on when he went away, a blue Coat and Jacket, almoſt new, with Buttons of the ſame Colour, black Velvet Breeches, ſhort flaxen or ſandy Hair, about five Feet five Inches high, a ruddy Complexion, and ſpeaks but little Engliſh.

Whoever will bring all, or either of them, on board the above Brig to Captain Pickles, or to Wilſon, Coram, & Co. at their Store, the Corner of Broad-ſtreet, ſhall receive TWENTY POUNDS Currency for each; and whoever harbours them will be proſecuted according to Law.

STOLEN or *Strayed away from Mr. Cater's plantation, near John Auſtin, Eſquire's, plantation, the following horſes, viz. A ſmall bay horſe, about twelve hands and an half high, branded on one of his buttocks like &, paces and trots a travelling gate.*

Alſo a dark bay horſe, about twelve and an half hands high, branded on the ſhoulder and buttock thus X, trots ſmartly.

Alſo a light coloured bay horſe, hall faced, has a brow mane and docked tail, is about thirteen and an half hands high, paces and trots a travelling gate, has four white feet, and is branded on his off buttock thus A G.

Whoever takes up ſaid Horſes, or any of them, and delivers them to me in Charles-Town, or at my plantation in Orangeburgh township, ſhall have SIX POUNDS *currency for the three, or* FORTY SHILLINGS *for each of them, paid by* FREDERICK HOFF.

A YOUNG Man well acquainted with Farming Buſineſs, would be glad to ſerve any Gentleman in that Way. For Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THE following perſons are deſired to call at the Treaſurer's office, for payment of money provided for them by the General Aſſembly.

Philip Howarth,	James Conyers,
John Caldwell,	Nicholas Cole,
Alexander M'Gee,	William Davis,
Joſeph Whiteman,	Charles Cuſſens,
Samuel Davis,	Samuel Prigg,
George Rought,	Edward Hiſcock,
Samuel Davis,	Charles Gray,
Moſes Sinclair,	Thomas Brown,
Catherine Cattell,	Richard Tillwell,
David Brunſon,	Samuel Davis,
Edward Hinton,	Jean Melvin,
Chriſtopher M'Dowel,	John Kelſal,
Drury Dunn,	Francis Sample,
James Dyer,	John Marth,
Catherine Stedman,	Abraham Carradine,
James Means,	William Scott,
Jacob Votery,	Eſtate of George Starratt,
Barbara Laver,	Thomas King,
Charles Peremiah,	Samuel Jeans,
Richard Jeale,	Stephen Guerry,
Charles Simmons,	Nathaniel Breedlovet,
Alex. & James M'Gren,	Nathan Miller,
James Donnom,	John Wagner,
John Glover,	Jacob Bowers,
James Ladſon,	James Moore,
John Norman,	Thomas Reid,
Richard Waring,	Nicholas Hickler.
Robert Wood,	

RUN-AWAY ſome time in May laſt, a likely young negro fellow, about 19 years of age, five feet ten inches high, of a yellow complexion, named CAPTAIN, belonging to the eſtate of Thomas Drayton, deceaſed. Whoever will apprehend the ſaid negro, and deliver him to me, or the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive Fifteen Pounds reward, from

STEPHEN DRAYTON.

SHEED & WHITE,

HAVING for ſome time declined the DRY GOODS buſineſs, and being determined to cloſe their affairs the enſuing winter, gives this laſt and final NOTICE to all whom it may concern, that ſuch bonds, notes or accompts, as are not diſcharged by the firſt of February next, will without diſtinction be ſued. *October* 21, 1767.

THE Co-partnerſhip of the ſubſcribers being for ſome time diſſolved, the neceſſity they are under for a ſpeedy cloſe of their concerns, obliges them thus PUBLICKLY to inform all thoſe whoſe bonds, notes or open accompts, may remain unpaid by the firſt of February next, that on that day they are determined to place the ſame into the hands of an attorney, to be ſued for without diſtinction. *October* 21, 1767. JOHN STEWART, & Co.

For ST. CHRISTOPHERS,

The Schooner WARWICK,

A FINE Bermuda built veſſel, double decked, and has good accommodations for paſſengers; the greater part of her cargo already engaged, and will take in rice and pork, or other goods to fill her up, at the very low freight of Three Pounds Five Shillings, St. Kitts money, per ton; thoſe that are inclined to ſhip, may treat with Captain Benjamin Lightbourn, on board ſaid Schooner at Roper's wharf, or with JOSIAH SMITH, junior.

N. B. Said Schooner will ſail by the 15th inſt. January.

For DUNBAR & LEITH,

(To ſail 20th of January)

The Ship MAGDALEN,

ROBERT BEATTIE, Maſter;

FOR freight or paſſage, having good accommodations for a few paſſengers, apply to the ſaid Maſter, at Burn's new wharf, or JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

For BRISTOL, LONDON, or FALMOUTH, and the MARKETS,

The Ship RIALTO,

(Burthen one thouſand barrels)

FOR freight or paſſage, having good accommodations, apply to WILSON, CORAM, & Co.

WILSON, CORAM, & Co.

HAVE juſt imported in the Ranger, Captain William Pickles, from London, and the Liberty, Capt. Laſley, from Briſtol;

A COMPLEAT aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India goods, which they will ſell at a reaſonable advance at their ſtore, the corner of Broad-ſtreet, near the Watch-houſe.—They have alſo a few pipes of choice old London Madera Wine, Kenton's old porter in bottles, Jamaica and Northward rum, bar iron, ſhear moulds, ſteel, New-York beſt beer in barrels, Weſton's ſuperfine pigtail tobacco, and fine Engliſh potatoes.

Wanted upon Intereſt immediately,

ABOUT EIGHT HUNDRED POUNDS Currency, for which ſufficient Security will be given. For further particulars, enquire of the Printer.

FINE BOHEA TEA,

Now ſelling at *Twenty-Seven Shillings and Six Pence*, by

DAVID BRACE,

The firſt Store on Motte's wharf.

GOOD Writing Paper to be ſold by the Printer hereof.

On Friday the 29th inſtant, will be ſold for caſh, at Mr. William M'Laughling's plantation, near Ferguſon's ferry,

ALL the perſonal eſtate of Peter Greene, deceaſed, conſiſting of horſes, a crop of rough rice and corn, houſhold furniture, &c.

All perſons indebted to the eſtate of Peter Greene, deceaſed, are requeſted to make immediate payment, and thoſe having demands againſt it, are deſired to ſend in their accounts properly atteſted to

WILLIAM M'LAUGHLING, Adminiſtrator.

For LISBON, or COWES and a MARKET,

THE BRIGANTINE

JENNY,

WILLIAM HUNTER, MASTER;

(A handy, ſtout veſſel)

CARRIES about 500 barrels of rice. For freight or paſſage, apply to ANDREW MARR.

THE Sale of the three HOUSES, lately advertiſed by WILLIAM M'LAUGHLIN, to be on Friday the 15th Inſtant, will begin at publick Vendue at Beaufort, Port-Royal, on the aforeſaid Day.

TO BE SOLD on Wedneſday the 27th of January inſtant, at the houſe wherein Mr. Thomas Liſton dwells in, at White Point;

SUNDRY pieces of plate, &c. &c. And on Monday the 8th of February, at True Blue and Harris's Iſlands, a ſtock of cattle, horſes, &c. belonging to the eſtate of Thomas Middleton, Eſq; deceaſed. The conditions of the ſales will be made known on the day.

WILLIAM MIDDLETON, acting Executor.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber about ſix months ago, a negro wench called CHLOE, bought at the ſale of Cholmondely Dering. Whoever will deliver her to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber in Chriſt-Church pariſh, ſhall receive Five Pounds reward, and all reaſonable charges.

LEVI DURAND.

CHARLES-TOWN, October 20, 1767.

One Hundred Pounds Reward.

RUN-AWAY (in July laſt) from my Cowpen on Savannah river, a ſhort well ſet fellow, upon the yellow or muſtee order, a little bow legged and round ſhouldered, is very ſenſible, has a remarkable ſcar over his right or left eye, and was ſeen laſt week near George Galphin's, Eſq; on Savannah river, in company with Tim. Tyrrell, Govey Black, John Anderſon, Anthony Diſtow, Edward Wells, and others, all horſe thieves, and were then going for Holſen's river to ſteal horſes, as appears from the evidence of one of their accomplices now in cuſtody. ONE HUNDRED POUNDS reward will be given for the apprehending and delivering of the above fellow to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town; and a farther reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid on conviction of the felons who ſtole the following horſes a fortnight ago from the above cowpen, and it is believed to be by the above robbers; one large Chikeſaw bay gelding, 15 hands high, ſlim, a ſmall ſwitch tail, branded X or W2, with ſome other brand, and was purchaſed of one Robinſon, who keeps a cowpen on the runs near Savannah town; alſo a bay gelding near upon 14 hands high, white face, with a remarkable bay ſpot in the forehead incompaſſed by the white, and has all the under part of his belly and flanks white, branded W 2, with perhaps the X; alſo a ſmall white gelding branded W 2 or X, with ſome other brand unknown, and has been burnt for a fiſtula; alſo a dun gelding, has a black mane and tail, branded W 2, and appears to be of the pacing breed. FIVE POUNDS for each of the above horſes, will be paid upon their being delivered to HARDY DALOATCH, or JACOB KITTLES, on Savannah river, or the ſubſcriber in Charles-Town.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

TO BE SOLD by publick outcry, for ready money, on Thurſday the 14th day of January 1768, at the houſe of Mr. Thomas Melvin, in Jackſonſburgh, the following lots of land, belonging to the eſtate of William Eberſon, deceaſed, viz.

ONE town lot in the ſaid village, known in the general plan thereof, by the number 11, whereon is a tolerable dwelling-houſe, good back ſtore, kitchen, &c. and at preſent occupied by Mr. Henry Webſter, merchant.—One other lot in the ſaid village, known by the number XXXII, containing one hundred feet in front, and two hundred and eighteen in depth, without any buildings, but in a very good ſituation for a rice ſtore, being near the bridge, &c.—One town lot in Beaufort, Port-Royal, fronting New-ſtreet, known in the general plan of the town by the number XCVI, without any buildings.

ELIZABETH BALLINGALL, Executrix.
TOBIAS FORD, Executor.

TO BE SOLD by the Subſcriber, at his plantation at Will-Town, on Thurſday the 14th of January enſuing, for Caſh, the property not to be altered until the money is paid,

ABOUT eight valuable NEGROES, belonging to the eſtate of William Smelie, deceaſed; alſo a few houſehold goods, and a ſmall ſtock of tame cattle, belonging to the eſtate of Henry Livingſton, junior, with ſome good machine horſes, belonging to the ſubſcriber.

☞ As he intends to remove into Georgia in the ſpring, he is ready to anſwer, or give bail, to any action, ſummons, or ſuit that may be brought againſt him.

CHARLES ODINGSELL.

TO BE SOLD at the ſame time and place;

A VALUABLE plantation, containing two hundred acres of land, belonging to Robert Gray, ſituate in St. Bartholomew's pariſh, lately occupied by Joſeph Hull, deceaſed, about five miles from Jackſonſburgh, up the Round O road. Twelve months credit will be given, if required, on giving good ſecurity, and paying intereſt from the day. Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may treat with the ſaid Robert Gray, at Mr. Thomas Slanns.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, at the New-Printing-Office in ELLIOTT-STREET, the Corner of GADSDEN's ALLEY, where SUBSCRIPTIONS, ADVERTISEMENTS, and LETTERS of INTELLIGENCE, &c. are received for this PAPER, and where all Manner of PRINTING WORK is performed with CARE and EXPEDITION.

SUPPLEMENT to the SOUTH-CAROLINA GAZETTE, and COUNTRY JOURNAL.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1768. No. 110. [Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

THE SUBSCRIBERS

entered into Co-partnerſhip, to ſell all Kinds of

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

And to carry on the

FACTORAGE BUSINESS,

In all its BRANCHES,

Upon the uſual COMMISSIONS:

Leave to ſolicit their COUNTRY IENDS Favours; and to aſſure them, that they ays give ſuch STRICT ATTENTION to the EST of their Employers, as they flatter themſelves GENERAL SATISFACTION, and merit fu- ouragement.

ANDREW BROUGHTON,
DANIEL DONOVAN.

Their COMPTING-HOUSE is kept BROUGHTON's, in Church-ſtreet, where Colonel on formerly, and *Charles Pinckney*, Eſq; lately and where all LETTERS or ORDERS to them, ired to be left.

ANSELL, CORBETT, & Co.

mported in the Planters-Adventure, Captain Miles Lowley, from London, for ſale;

ne bay Mare, of the race-breed, fifteen hands high, was bred by the late Burlace Warren, Eſq; and legulus out of a daughter of his famous mare called , which was the dam of Careleſs, Fearnought and n. Alſo,

t young dark cheſnut gelding, four years old, and arry ſixteen ſtone a fox hunting. tbctf

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OST, or Stolen out of my Houſe, about th November, a large SILVER TABLE SPOON, C.

C. M. If offered for Sale, pray ſtop the Thief, Notice to CHARLES CROUCH.

JAMIN & EDWARD SIMONS,

URN thanks to their friends for their paſt favours, d acquaint them and the publick, that they continue on the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in all its , on the uſual commiſſion, and for their better con- and reception of Indico, have taken the end ſtore Beresford's wharf, fronting the Watch-Houſe, commodious for that Purpoſe.

JUST IMPORTED,

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

Fair American, JOHN MINSHALL, Maſter, from ol, and the Nancy, Capt. JORDAN, from London;

ery large aſſortment of faſhionable perfine, and middling broad cloths, and ſuitable gs; a great variety of plain, ſtriped and flowered ble ſilks and ribbons; coloured and black faſhiona- s and hats to ſuit; Hanover thread and black lace, very large aſſortment of well bought Iriſh linens, gs, checks, hats, ſtockings, ſhoes, and gloves of and ſizes; A quantity of choice white and coloured bags of good Iriſh feathers; a large quantity of d ſingle and treble refine ſugar, very cheap for ready y the quantity; copper-plate and common blue and imney tiles; crates of faſhionable cream-colour and re, and crates of yellow ware; one, three, and four gs, very cheap by the dozen; large iron tea-kettles ted ſpouts; long, glazed, and ſhort pipes in boxes; ottled ale and beer, cheeſe, potatoes, coals, &c. alſo uarter pipes of rich old genuine Liſbon, and Calca- acs, with many other uſeful articles, to be ſold le, either wholeſale or retail. 6 w

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London PORTER, and ALAMODE

BEEF-HOUSE, &c.

(Behind the Beef-Market)

pened on Monday the twenty-firſt December,

By JOHN ROBINSON.

ILIES may be ſupplied with Beef, in ſmall Quan- s, every Evening, but are requeſted to ſend truſty , as the Conſequences, after Delivery, will not be for.

As his Friends may be aſſured of the beſt Liquors Kind, and as his Terms are reaſonable, he is de- to deal for CASH only.

---

mported in the Schooner William, from Boſton, and ſold by David Brace, *at his ſtore on Motte's wharf,*

RTHWARD rum in tierces and barrels, double and ngle refined loaf ſugar, train oil, blubber, bohea he cheſt, cod fiſh, raiſins, and a few quarter caſks e Mountain wine.

Rice will be taken in payment for any of the rticles.

YOUNG Man, who can bring a good Recommen- ation, will be glad of employ as attendant to a ſtore- Enquire of the Printer.

A Parcel of good Parchment Skins, to be ſold by Charles Crouch.

ANY Carpenter, or other Perſon, who will undertake to remove my Houſe up the Path, and place the ſame in like Or- der and Condition it now is, upon my Lot in Tradd-ſtreet, ſhall have for his Reward, the Land on which it ſtands, being ſixteen Acres, and all the Out-buildings.

RAWLINS LOWNDES.

TO BE SOLD,

The following lands, being part of the eſtate of Mr. Joſeph De St. Julien. *Enquire of David Guerard, or William Bampfield, in whoſe hands the plats may be ſeen.*

A Lot of land on the north ſide of Broad-ſtreet, between the houſes where the Lieutenant Governor and Mr. Thomas Adam's now live, containing in front fifty feet, and about ninety in depth.

Several tracts adjoining each other, making in the whole 775 acres, old meaſure, ſituate in St. John's pariſh, Berkley County, near Captain William Moultrie.

Five hundred acres old meaſure, on Santee River, adjoin- ing lands of Mr. Iſaac Mazyck and James de St. Julien, at the time of the ſurvey.

Five hundred acres old meaſure, on Little Pedee River, granted to James Crockatt, adjoining lands of Mr. Parry, at the time of the ſurvey.

THIS is to give NOTICE that I have removed to the Corner of King-ſtreet and Queen-ſtreet, where Mr. Andrew Broughton lately lived, remarkable for the Trees growing before the Door. As the Houſe is very large, and an Addition of a very good Stable, makes it convenient for a Houſe of Entertainment for Country Perſons, where the beſt Attendance will be had; therefore hope for the Conti- nuance of my Cuſtomers, and the Favour of all others, as it will be my chief Study to give Satisfaction to every Perſon.

PETER SANDERS.

N. B. Four Day-Boarders agreeable to each other will be boarded.—Five Horſes will be taken to Stable by the Quarter at £.25 each, where Stalls will be provided for them.

JAMES McCALL,

HAS juſt imported in the Champion, Captain John Baker, from Briſtol, a large ſupply of GOODS, amongſt a va- riety of other articles are,

SUPERFINE broad cloths with ſuitable trimmings, fine black, blue and ſcarlet breeches patterns, Iriſh ſhirting and ſheeting linen, ſail cloth, No. 1 to 4, bottled beer, cyder, Taunton ale and perry, raiſins and currants; a great variety of tin ware and ironmongery, large milk pans, inch ſquare red flooring tiles, diamond paving and purple candle ſhades, ſhew-glaſſes, one and two quart tumblers with covers, engraved decanters and tumblers, plain and flowered beer glaſſes, grind and quern ſtones; a great variety of joiners and carpenters planes, ſhop, ſail and ſeine twine, all which will be ſold reaſonable at his ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet, lately occupied by his brother John McCall, jun. and next to Meſſrs. Atkins and Weſton. 6 w.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber at Wappoo, a negro boy, named CATO, formerly the property of James Starland, at Stono, about ſixteen years of age, ſlim made, ſpeaks good Engliſh; had on when he went away, a green jacket and trowſers. Whoever delivers him to the warden of the work-houſe, ſhall have Five Pounds reward. From the ſame place was ſtolen a canoe, about twenty-three feet long, and four feet wide of the beam, rows with five oars, has been paid over the bottom with Spaniſh brown, and weather beaten in the inſide. Two Dollars reward will be given for her, on delivery to the ſubſcriber, or to Edward Fenwicke, Eſq; in Charles-Town. JOHN M'ILLRAITH.

WHEREAS there is an abſolute neceſſity to ſettle the affairs of *Robert Stedman*, deceaſed, and the part- nerſhip of *Stedman* and *Boomer*, by the 15th of January 1768; all thoſe indebted to either by bond, note, or open accompt, are begg'd to ſettle the ſame by the above date; and thoſe to whom either is indebted are earneſtly requeſted to bring in their accompts to, and receive payment, from

JOHN BOOMER.

THE Subſcriber intreats the favour of all perſons indebted in any ways to him to diſcharge the ſame, on or before the firſt day of February next, as he is abſolutely determined to ferry over no perſon without the Money, except thoſe who ſhall ſign a written agreement by the year, and to com- mence the firſt day of January next, and to pay the ſame quarterly, as he is reſolved to keep no accounts of ſuch trifling ſums, which is attended with bad debts, and trouble in collecting; and he is likewiſe determined that no perſon ſhall paſs or repaſs, after the firſt of February next, unleſs they comply as above, except thoſe whoſe yearly ferriage is not then become due, and therefore he earneſtly deſires all perſons to pay due regard to this public notice, as he is re- ſolved to make no diſtinction of perſons.

Dec. 20, 1767. EDWARD LEGGE.

WANTS EMPLOYMENT,

A PERSON well qualified for the compting-houſe buſi- neſs, who would undertake to keep a few regular ſets of books with expedition and diſpatch, Enquire of the Printer.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON,

In Broad-ſtreet, next door to Mr. Lockwood's, watch-maker, hath juſt imported per Captain Maſon, from Philadelphia;

GERMAN-TOWN manufactured mens worſted ſtock- ings, cotton ditto, thread ditto, ſhip bread, water and milk ditto, Philadelphia double beer and muſtard. He hath alſo to diſpoſe off, at eight and an half for one, white blond lace, black ditto, thread lace and footing, genteel and faſhion- able ſuits of blond lace, yard wide plain lawn, book muſlin, jaconett ditto, and humhums, fine Engliſh chints, womens ſilk and thread ſtockings, ſilk mits, ſtomachers and ſleeve knots, laced and ribbon ruffs, muffs and tippets, ſilvered tip- pets, thread ditto, flowered minionet lawn, laced ruffles, black and white laced handkerchiefs, ſilvered ribbons, genteel French trimmings, Iriſh linen, black ſilk breeches patterns, black ſilk ſtockings, and ſundry other articles.

JOSHUA LOCKWOOD, Watch-Maker,

INFORMS his friends that he has a very neat aſſortment of Clocks and Watches come by Captain Curling, which he will ſell as low, by retail, as in London, and he who buys may change within the year, provided they do not like the performance, and without the leaſt impoſition.

N. B. Having now been twelve years in trade, and never made a ſettlement, he thinks it high time to cloſe his old books, therefore informs his friends, that all accounts un- paid the laſt of January 1768, will be immediately given to a lawyer to put in ſuit. No further notice will be given to thoſe whoſe accounts were due in January 1767.

RUN-away from the ſubſcriber about the beginning of May laſt, two Negro fellows, named EXETER, and TOP- SAM; *Exeter* is about ſix feet high, pretty well made, of a yellow complexion, about thirty years of age; had on when he went away, a large iron on his left leg; *Topſam* is a ſtout well made fellow, about 28 years of age, and about five feet five inches high; had on when he went away, an iron on each leg, with three or four links of chain between, and carries on his back the marks of an old ſore; he has frequently run-away, and gone over to the plantation of one *Whiteſides* at *Hobcaw*, where (it is ſuppoſed) he has been harboured for thirteen months at a time, and it is pro- bable he may have now made over there again, (and carried *Exeter* with him) as he has a father there named *Briſtol*, who did belong to the ſaid *Whiteſides*, and formerly to the eſtate of *William Allen*, to which eſtate the ſaid *Topſam* did formerly belong. Any perſon taking up ſaid fellows, and delivering them to the Warden of the Work houſe, or to the ſubſcriber, ſhall receive a reward of FIVE POUNDS for each. And any perſon giving information of their being harboured, if by a white perſon, ſhall receive a reward of FIFTY POUNDS, to be paid on conviction of the offender.

ALEXANDER ... JOHN CATTELL, ſon of Peter ... ver, living in Broad-ſtreet, near the ... obliged to leave the province on account of his health, deſires all perſons who have demands againſt him to come for their money, and thoſe indebted to him, to make immediate pay- ment. Thoſe who have left breeches with him to clean, or repair, are deſired to call for them in one month from the date hereof, or they will be ſold. *December* 20, 1767.

MANSELL, CORBETT, & Co.

HAVE imported in the ſhip Planters Adventure, Miles Lowley, Maſter, from London,

A compleat aſſortment of GOODS, which they will diſpoſe of at a low advance, at their ſtore in Tradd-ſtreet, among which are the following;

SUPERFINE faſhionable broad cloths with ſuitable trimmings, good Cheſhire and Glouceſter cheeſe, Kenton's beſt porter in barrels, POTATOES, ſplit peaſe, Italian London made riding chairs and chaiſes, green Windſor chairs, raiſins in and out of the jar, currants, almonds in and out of the ſhell, faſhionable ſilks and ſtuffs for ladies gowns, ſilk petticoats, japaned tea tables, tea cheſts, waiters and bread baſkets, very cheap ſtuffs for negro wenches gowns, guns with bayonets and ſlings compleat at 24 l. each, or cheaper taking a quantity, marble ſlabs with brackets, Port wine in bottles, Wilton carpets, womens ſtraw hats and bonnets, an elegant glaſs pyramid, ſmoke-jacks and corn- mills. ALSO,

A quantity of ſtone brimſtone and manna to be ſold very cheap, and extraordinary fine CLARET, at twelve pounds a dozen. tbctf.

FOR BRISTOL DIRECTLY,

The Ship ANNE,

GEORGE FORTUN, Maſter.

WILL be loaded about the fifteenth of January, or ſooner. For freight of indico, deer-ſkins, or any light goods, apply to the ſaid Maſter, or to

HENRY LAURENS.

THE ſubſcribers give notice, that they only have the power to receive and give diſcharges for all debts due to the late co-partnerſhips of Logan, Guerin and Vander- horſt, and Thomas Gwillim Scott, and Co. All bonds and notes due to them, and their books of accounts, being placed in their hands for that purpoſe, and deſires all per- ſons indebted to them, to ſettle with us to our ſatisfaction immediately, otherwiſe, their being an abſolute neceſſity for cloſing the concerns of thoſe companies, their debtors will be ſued without diſtinction, or further application.

6 w. JOHN LOGAN,
ELIAS VANDERHORST.

TO BE SOLD at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 14th of January 1768, precisely at twelve o'clock;

THE south part of a lot in King-street, containing in front on said street 50 feet, in depth about 98 feet; adjoining to the house of the late William Elliott on the south, and to a vacant lot of Francis Baker on the north; there is on it a very good brick kitchen, 20 by 25 feet, and a wooden tenement occupied by Mr. William Bushell. The conditions are twelve months credit, paying interest, and giving security.

EDWARD OATS, Vendue-Master.

TO BE SOLD at auction, at the usual place in Charles-Town, on Tuesday the 19th of January 1768;

THE house and lot in Old Church-street, where Mr. John Perdriau now lives. The lot contains forty-three feet in front, and one hundred and thirty-five feet deep.—The purchaser may have twelve months credit, on paying interest, and giving approved security.

SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

JUST imported in the sloop Charles-Town, Joseph Durfee, Master, from Rhode-Island, and to be sold, by

NATHANIEL RUSSELL,

At his store on Colonel Beale's wharf;

NORTHWARD rum, loaf sugar, muscovado ditto in barrels, cheese, pickled cod-fish in barrels, spermaceti candles, tallow ditto, desks, tables, riding chairs, spermaceti oil, apples, onions, &c.

For any of the WINDWARD ISLANDS,

The Sloop CHARLES-TOWN,

JOSEPH DURFEE, MASTER;

IS ready to take on board immediately. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to the said Master on board, or to

NATHANIEL RUSSELL.

Imported in the ship Anne, George Forten, Master, from Philadelphia;

SUPERFINE flour in barrels, three quarter and half barrels, Hayne's best double beer, ship bread, bundles of hay, hampers of empty bottles, and fine Bristol salt in bags, containing four bushels each. Enquire at Roper's wharf of

EDWARD BLAKE.

JUST imported, and to be sold, near the Watch-house, by

SIMON TUFTS,

SUPERFINE flour in barrels, half barrels and kegs, water bread, all sorts of rum, wine, loaf and brown sugar, citron, molasses, vinegar, and a few quintals of exceeding good cod-fish, Northward potatoes and onions, by the bushel, &c.

WILLIAM HUTCHINS,

WRITING-MASTER, in GADSDEN'S-ALLEY,

RETURNS his most sincere Thanks to the Publick for the many Favours conferred upon him during two Years School-Keeping; and will only say, that he always makes it his chief STUDY and CARE to merit a Continuance of the same, by instructing his Pupils in the most concise and expeditious Manner.

He will open School (after the Holydays) on Monday the eleventh Day of January 1768, where Youth may be taught READING, WRITING and ARITHMETICK, both VULGAR and DECIMAL, together with MENSURATION, GAUGING, &c. &c.

☞ He also keeps an EVENING-SCHOOL, and boards Youth on moderate terms.

A QUANTITY of choice barreled Pork, to be sold, by

DAVID WILLIAMS.

For PORTUGAL, LONDON, or COWES, and a MARKET,

The Ship AVON,

ALEXANDER URQUHART, Master;

(A fast sailing vessel)

BURTHEN 700 barrels. For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to said Master, at Burn's old wharf, or JOHNSTON & SIMPSON.

N. B. Capt. Urquhart has for sale, a small quantity of very good claret, Bell's ale, and a few barrels of Scots porter.

SAMUEL GROVE,

HAS just imported in the Beaufain, Captain Curling, from London, and in the Liberty, Captain Lasky, from Bristol;

A VARIETY of superfine broad cloths and trimmings, Hallar cloaks, printed linens and calicoes, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard wide Irish linens, fine ell wide sheeting ditto, bordered handkerchiefs, black figured cardinals, alamode, Scots and other thread, spices, salad oil, bohea tea, ready made bed ticks, bell metal mortars and pestles, linseed oil in jugs, paints of all sorts, physical drugs, mens shoes and pumps, boys and childrens ditto, nails of all sorts, bar broad hoes, and pitching axes, beer and cyder in hampers, and sundry other articles too tedious to mention, which with a general assortment of other goods, lately imported, he will sell on the most reasonable terms, at his store in Beaufort, kept by Mr. PETER LAVINE; those who please to favour him with their custom may depend on being well served, and orders from the country will be punctually complied with.

A QUANTITY of BRICKS to be sold at my landing 9 miles from town, on Cooper-river, in St. Thomas's parish. A line left at Mr. Nesfville's will be forwarded.

JOHN MOORE.

A SMALL Parcel of very likely new NEGROES, on board the Brigantine ANTIGUA, Captain FORBES, to be sold, by

GEORGE SMITH,

Who has also for Sale, a Quantity of Jamaica Rum, Antigua and St. Kitts ditto, the Antigua near equal to Jamaica; a few Barrels of choice Irish Beef, also a Quantity of good Bees Wax.

To be hired out by the Year, on reasonable Terms,

THREE pair of sawyers, and one squarer; or to be put out on Shares in a sawing plantation, in case the distance is not very great from Charles-Town. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD,

A FEW Barrels of fresh Ship Bread. Enquire at Mr. Sarazine's in Broad-street, of

GUERIN & WILLIAMSON.

TO BE SOLD at public Vendue, on Wednesday the 13th Day of January 1768, at the plantation of the late Michael Geiger, deceased, in St. George's parish, near Bacon's Bridge;

ALL the personal estate of the said deceased, consisting of 35 valuable slaves, household furniture, plantation tools, about 80 head of neat cattle, a stock of horses, hogs and sheep, a riding chair, ox cart with yoaks and chains, three horse carts and three trucks. The conditions of sale will be, cash for all sums under Fifty Pounds, and credit for all above till the first day of May 1768, paying interest and giving security, if required. The property not to be altered till the conditions of sale are complied with. All persons to whom the estate is indebted, are desired to send in their accounts, and those who are any ways indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment to

JACOB GEIGER, Administrator.

ALEXANDER TWEED informs me of a dun coloured pacing horse, with a black stroke along his back, thirteen hands and an half high, about seven years old, branded on each cheek CI in one, and two black strokes across his withers, having broke into his corn field. The owner must prove his property before

MAURICE SIMONS, J. P.

RAN-AWAY from the subscriber on the 16th of September last, a negro named BOATSWAIN, and a negro Wench named SILLY, they are both of the Gambia country, and have been in this province about three years; they can speak but very little English: The fellow has a thin visage, with his country marks on his jaws, and has lost some of fore teeth, he has remarkable large limbs, particularly his legs, on which are his country marks: The wench is very thin and spare. Whoever apprehends and delivers the above negroes to me, at my plantation in Christ-Church parish, or to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town, shall receive Ten Pounds reward, and reasonable charges, from ELIAS WIGFALL.

STRAYED from the subscriber's plantation at Wambaw, an eagle coloured gelding, about thirteen hands and [illegible] high, with a star in his forehead, and a snip on his nose, branded on his near thigh [illegible], it is imagined he is gone to Broad-River. FIVE POUNDS reward will be paid to any person who delivers him at Wambaw, to

SAMUEL WIGFALL.

SUPPOSED to be left in the range near the Congarees, by horse thieves, a small gray gelding, a trotter, branded on the mounting shoulder MS.

A brown mare, a pacer, 14 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder W, on the buttock C, nine years old.

A small black horse, a trotter, crease fallen, branded on the mounting thigh W, but obscurely.

A small sorrel horse, blaze faced, branded on the mounting shoulder [illegible]. The Owners must prove their property before JOSEPH CURRY, T. M.

WILLIAM GIBBES,

RETURNS his hearty Thanks, to his Friends and Customers for all past Favours, and acquaints them, that he still continues the FACTORAGE BUSINESS in all its Branches, on the usual Commissions; and to enable him the better to comply with the Orders of his Friends, hath provided himself with three GOOD SCHOONERS of 100, 125 and 130 Barrels burthen, which will be constantly employed for that Purpose, and they may depend on being punctually served in Turn, as their Orders shall come to Hand.

He still continues to keep the Wharf adjoining Mr. Legare's, where constant Attendance will be given to dispatch such Boats as shall use the same.

And has to sell good West-India and Jamaica Rum in Hogsheads or Quarter Casks, and choice old Vidonia Wine in Bottles.

☞ He wants an Overseer for a Plantation, fifteen Miles from Town, a single Man, with a good Recommendation, and if he has a few Negroes, they will be taken on Shares, or hire. 6 w.

Charles-Town, December 28, 1767.

THE Subscriber having taken the House possessed by the late Mr. BENJAMIN BACKHOUSE, UP THE PATH, gives this public Notice, that on Wednesday next, the 23d Instant, he will open the same, for the Entertainment of Gentlemen and Ladies, in the genteelest Manner, with every Thing necessary for a Tavern or Coffee-House; and will be much obliged to all those who may be pleased to favour him with their Company. JOHN MOORE.

N. B. The Bowling-Green at said place will always be kept in good order; and horses taken in to stable on easy terms.

ALL Kinds of Blanks used in this Province, may be had of CHARLES CROUCH, at his Office in Elliott-street.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 20th of January, 1768, at the plantation of the late William Townsend, of St. Thomas's parish, the real and personal estate of the deceased, consisting of

A PLANTATION containing 250 acres, whereon is a good dwelling-house, and other out-buidings, is well timbered with sawing pine, and is well situated for attending the market, being about fifteen miles distant from Charles-Town, and adjoining to a landing. Also several valuable SLAVES, plantation tools, household furniture, and about sixty head of tame cattle, ten of which are working oxen, several riding horses, a riding chair, and one ox and horse cart.

At the same Time will be SOLD,

ANOTHER Tract of entire new land, situated in St. James, Santee, bounded to the north by lands of John Galliard, John Barnett and Francis Dushamp, to the east by vacant lands at the time of the grant, to the southeastward on lands belonging to the estate of George Benson, deceased, to the southwestward on lands of Theodore Galliard. Twelve months credit will be given for the lands, and four months for all sums above Fifty Pounds of the personal estate, the purchasers paying interest, and giving security, if required. All persons to whom the said estate is any ways indebted, are desired to bring in their accounts by the tenth of said month, and all those that are indebted thereto, are requested to make payment on or before the day of sale.

STEPHEN TOWNSEND, Executor.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

October 7, 1766. A well set new Negro fellow, who speaks no English, has on an old white Negro Cloth jacket with pewter buttons, has a small beard.——Taken up at Coosawatchee.

——The above Negro fellow, since his being advertised, says his name is FRANK.

December 13. A pretty tall well made Negro fellow who calls himself MARCH, but will not or cannot tell his master's name; has on old white Negro cloth cloaths and blanket, and a large bump on his right shoulder; was taken up at Col. Heyward's plantation, Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

July 22, 1767. A new Negro fellow, calls himself *Belfast*, and says his master's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet six inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a shot on his left thigh, which he said was done by his master; has on an old white Negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

September 30. A Negro wench of the Angola country, who calls herself JENNY, but can't tell her master's name; she is a short wench, of a yellow complexion, with very small breasts; she has on an old white Negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beach-Hill.

November 8. A Negro fellow of the Yallunka country, calls himself *Dick*, and his Master's BILLY HAZZARD, he is 5 feet 7 inches high, full faced, his ears bored, teeth filed, a pretty long beard, and his country marks on his right arm; has on [illegible] white negro cloth rapper and trowsers. Taken up at William M'Lauchlin's plantation at Ponpon.

December 6. A negro fellow of the Angola country, calls himself JEFFRY, says his old master's name was *John Williams*, and died in Georgia, but the rest of the negroes being seized, he run-away to go to his young master in North-Carolina, whose name is *William Williams*; he is four feet eleven inches high, full faced, about 40 years of age, and has on old an camblet jacket and black everlasting breeches. Taken up at Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

December 7. A new negro fellow from Gambia, but can't tell his own or master's name; he is five feet eight inches high, has his country marks on his forehead, and a piece out of his left ear; he is about 20 years of age, and has on a white negro cloth robbin and trowsers. Taken up at Wappetaw Bridge, Seowee.

TO BE SOLD at publick vendue, by the subscriber, at Dr. Rose's plantation, in Prince-William's parish, on Thursday 14th of January, 1768, all the estate of John Conners, deceased, viz.

A VERY valuable negro fellow, a wench and child, acquainted with all sorts of plantation work, some household furniture, a stock of hogs, a few valuable young horses. The conditions of sale are, all sums under Twenty Pounds to be Cash, and all sums above, three months credit will be allowed, giving security, and paying interest from the day of sale. All those that have any demands against the said estate are desired to bring in their accounts properly attested, and those that are indebted thereto, to make immediate payment, to SAMUEL BENOIST, Admiistr.

AT the usual Place in Charles-Town, on Thursday the 14th of January 1768, WILL BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, or tract of land, formerly occupied by Mr. John Norman, deceased, and containing 555 acres, or thereabouts, ninety of which is swamp, provision land a sufficient quantity, and the rest pine barren; it bounds to the north on the land of Daniel Blake, Esq; to the west on Sarah Finley, to the south and east on William Norman's lands.——The conditions of sale are, twelve months credit, paying interest from the day of sale, and giving good personal security. The property not to be altered until these terms are complied with. A survey of the whole tract has been lately made, and the plat, &c. may be seen in the hands of JOSIAH SMITH, jun.

THIS is to give notice to all persons any ways indebted to the subscriber, that they are desired to make immediate payment on or before the first day of January, or otherwise they will be sued without further notice; and all persons to whom the subscriber is any ways indebted, are desired to bring in their accounts and settle.

WILLIAM M'LAUGHLIN.